SAFETY DATA SHEET
(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

0081-ESSÊNCIA DE EUCALIPTO

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: ESSÊNCIA DE EUCALIPTO
Product Code: 0081
UFI: 9770-E089-W00H-D93Y

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Fragance

Uses advised against:
Uses other than those recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: **FLUIDRA COMERCIAL PORTUGAL**
Address: Rua Alfredo Silva nº41
City: 2786-656 São Domingos de Rana
Province: PORTUGAL
Telephone: Tef. +351 214 444 720
Fax: +34 93 713 41 11
E-mail: fds@inquide.com
Web: www.ctxprofessional.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)
Anti poisoning centre:
ITALY (Rome): 06/305 43 43
ITALY (Milan): 02/66 10 10 29
SPAIN: +34 91 562 04 20
FRANCE (Paris): 01 40 05 48 48 FRANCE (Tolousse): 05 61 77 74 47 FRANCE (Marseille): 04 91 75 25 25
PORTUGAL: 808 250 143
BELGIQUE (Brussel): (+32) 070 245 245
Sweden: 112 - Begär Giftinformation (ask for Poisons Information)
Denmark (Giftlinjen): +45 8212 1212
Finland: 0800 147 111
Norway: +47 22 59 13 00
Cyprus: 1401
Greece: (0030) 2107793777
Netherlands (NVIC): +31 (0)88 755 8000
Romania: +4021 318 360 6 Biroul RSI Si Informare Toxicologica
Apelabil de luni pâna vineri, între orele 8.00-15.00
CAV accreditati: Roma +39 06 68 59 3726; Foggia +39 800 18 34 59; Napoli +39 081 54 53 333; Roma +39 06 49 97 80 00; Roma +39 06 30 54 343; Firenze +39 055 79 47 819; Pavia +39 0382 24 444; Milano +39 02 66 10 10 29; Bergamo +39 800 88 33 00; Verona +39 800 01 18 58.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.
In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:
Eye Dam. 1 : Causes serious eye damage.
Flam. Liq. 2 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
STOT SE 3 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:



Signal Word:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

EUH statements:

EUH208	Contains pinane, didehydro derivative. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208	Contains cineole. May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:
propan-2-ol
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-undecyl-.omega.-hydroxy-, branched and linear

2.3 Other hazards.

The mixture does not contain substances classified as PBT.
The mixture does not contain substances classified as vPvB.
The mixture does not contain any endocrine disrupting properties substances.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.
Not Applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.
Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
			Classification	Specifics concentration limits and Acute toxicity estimate

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Index No: 603-117-00-0 CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7 Registration No: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX	propan-2-ol	10 - 20 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
CAS No: 127036-24-2	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-undecyl-.omega.-hydroxy-, branched and linear	3 - 5 %	Acute Tox. 4, H302 - Eye Dam. 1, H318	-
CAS No: 470-82-6 EC No: 207-431-5 Registration No: 01-2119967772-24-XXXX	cineole	0.1 - 1 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
CAS No: 76-22-2 EC No: 200-945-0 Registration No: 01-2119966156-31-XXXX	Camphor	0.1 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4, H332 - Flam. Sol. 2, H228 - STOT SE 2, H371	-
CAS No: 1330-16-1 EC No: 215-533-6	pinane, didehydro derivative	0.1 - 0.25 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
Index No: 601-029-00-7 CAS No: 5989-27-5 EC No: 227-813-5 Registration No: 01-2119529223-47-XXXX	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene	0 - 0.03 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-

(*) *The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.*

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.
In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.
Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

Eye contact.
Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Dont let the person to rub the affected eye.

Skin contact.
Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.
If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.
Corrosive Product, contact with eyes or skin can cause burns; ingestion or inhalation can cause internal damage, if this occurs immediate medical assistance is required.
Contact with eyes may cause irreversible damage.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.
Request immediate medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Do not induce vomiting. If the person vomits, clear the respiratory tract. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

The product is Highly inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.
Suitable extinguishing media:
Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.
Special risks.
Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:
- Flammable vapors or gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.
Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

Fire protection equipment.
According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.
Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.
Product not classified as hazardous for the environment, avoid spillage as much as possible.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.
Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.
Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations (see section 13).

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6.4 Reference to other sections.
For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.
For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.
The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.
The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use anti-static footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.
Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.
In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.
Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.
Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.
Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25 º C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

Classification and threshold amount of storage in accordance with Annex I to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

		Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
Code	**Description**	**Lower-tier requirements**	**Upper-tier requirements**
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5.000	50.000

*P5c -> if the product is maintained at ambient pressure and temperature.
7.3 Specific end use(s).
None in particular.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	United Kingdom [1]	**Eight hours**	400	999
			Short term	500	1250
		Éire [2]	**Eight hours**	200	
			Short term	400	
		Italia [3]	**Eight hours**	200	
			Short term	400	
		United States [4] (Cal/OSHA)	**Eight hours**	400	
			Short term	500	
		United States	**Eight hours**	400	

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		[5] (NIOSH)	**Short term**	500	
		United States [6] (OSHA)	**Eight hours**	400	980
			Short term		
Camphor	76-22-2	Éire [2]	**Eight hours**	2	12
			Short term	3	18
		Italia [3]	**Eight hours**	2	
			Short term	3	
		United States [4] (Cal/OSHA)	**Eight hours**		2
			Short term		
		United States [5] (NIOSH)	**Eight hours**		2
			Short term		
		United States [6] (OSHA)	**Eight hours**		2
			Short term		

[1] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.
[2] According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).
[3] Secondo il Decreto Legislativo del Governo n.277, 15/08/1991, il Decreto Legislativo n.66 ed il Decreto Ministeriale 26/02/2004.
[4] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).
[5] National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. NIOSH Recommendations for occupational safety and health, Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements, January, 1992, DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 92-100.
[6] Occupational Safety and Health Administration, United States Department of Labor. Permissible Exposure limits (PELs), California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).
The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.
Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Type	Value
propan-2-ol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	500 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	89 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	888 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	319 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Oral, Chronic, Systemic effects	26 (mg/kg bw/day)
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene CAS No: 5989-27-5 EC No: 227-813-5	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	33,3 (mg/m³)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
propan-2-ol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	aqua (freshwater)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	140,9 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	552 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	552 (mg/kg sediment dw)

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	Soil	28 (mg/kg soil dw)
	STP	2251 (mg/L)
	oral (Hazard for predators)	160 (mg/kg food)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

8.2 Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:
Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	**100 %**			
Uses:	**Fragance**			
Breathing protection:				
PPE:	Particle filter mask			
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. Made of filtering material, it covers nose, mouth and chin.			
CEN standards:	EN 149			
Maintenance:	Check for any tears, defects, etc. before use. Since it is disposable individual protection equipment, it should be replaced after use.			
Observations:	Does not protect worker unless properly adjusted. Follow the manufacturer's instructions regarding suitable use of the equipment.			
Filter Type needed:	P2			
Hand protection:				
PPE:	Protective gloves against chemicals.			
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III.			
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420			
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.			
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.			
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride)	Breakthrough time (min.):	> 480	Material thickness (mm): 0,35
Eye protection:				
PPE:	Protective goggles with built-in frame.			
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against dust, smoke, fog and vapour.			
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168			
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.			
Observations:	Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, scraping etc.			
Skin protection:				
PPE:	Chemical protective clothing			
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. Clothing should fit properly. The level of protection must be set according to a test parameter called BT (Breakthrough Time), which indicates how long it takes for the chemical to pass through the material.			
CEN standards:	EN 464,EN 340, EN 943-1, EN 943-2, EN ISO 6529, EN ISO 6530, EN 13034			
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.			
Observations:	The protective clothing's design should facilitate correct positioning, staying in place without moving for the period of use expected, bearing in mind environmental factors as well as any movement or position the user might adopt while carrying out the activity.			

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PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346
Maintenance:	The footwear should be checked regularly
Observations:	The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths.



SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.
Physical state: Liquid
Colour: Colourless
Odour: Strong smell in Eucalyptus
Odour threshold: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Melting point: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Freezing point: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 92 ºC
Flammability: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Lower explosion limit: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Upper explosion limit: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Flash point: 18,5 ºC
Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Decomposition temperature: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
pH: 5.5
Kinematic viscosity: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Solubility: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Hydrosolubility: 100 %
Liposolubility: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Vapour pressure: 25,719 (Estimation based on the indication of the Regulation (CE) Nº1272/2008.)
Absolute density: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Relative density: 0.91 - 1.01 (20 ºC)
Relative vapour density: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Particle characteristics: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

9.2 Other information
Viscosity: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Explosive properties: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Oxidizing properties: No aplicable
Dropping point: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Blink: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.
The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

10.2 Chemical stability.
Unstable in contact with:
- Bases.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.
Neutralization can occur on contact with bases.

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10.4 Conditions to avoid.
- Avoid contact with bases.

10.5 Incompatible materials.
Avoid the following materials:
- Bases.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.
Depending on conditions of use, can be generated the following products:
- Corrosive vapors or gases.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) Nº 1272/2008.
Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Name	Acute toxicity			
	Type	Test	Kind	Value
propan-2-ol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Oral	LD50 LD50 [1] FURTHER EXPERIENCE WITH THE RANGE FINDING TEST IN THE INDUSTRIAL TOXICOLOGY LABORATORY, J Ind Hyg Toxicol 30(1):63-68 [2] FURTHER EXPERIENCE WITH THE RANGE FINDING TEST IN THE INDUSTRIAL TOXICOLOGY LABORATORY, J Ind Hyg Toxicol 30(1):63-68	Rat Rat	5840 mg/kg bw [1] 5840 mg/kg bw [2]
	Dermal	LD50 [1] OCDE 402	Rabbit	13900 mg/kg [1]
	Inhalation	LC50 [1] OCDE 403	Rat	> 25000 mg/kg [1]
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-undecyl-.omega.-hydroxy-, branched and linear CAS No: 127036-24-2 EC No:	Oral	LD50	Rat	2000 mg/kg
	Dermal	LD50	Rat	>2000 mg/kg
	Inhalation			

a) acute toxicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

b) skin corrosion/irritation;
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;
Product classified:
Serious eye damage, Category 1: Causes serious eye damage.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

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Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure;
Product classified:
Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;
Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard;
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards.
Endocrine disrupting properties
This product does not contain components with endocrine-disrupting properties with effects on human health.
Other information
There is no information available on other adverse health effects.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity			
	Type	**Test**	**Kind**	**Value**
propan-2-ol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Fish	LC50 LC50	Fish Pimephales promelas	9640 mg/l (96 h) [1] 10000 mg/l (96 h) [2]
		[1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI :414 [2] The 96 hour LC50 method is described by the US Environmental Protection Agency Committee on Methods for Toxicity Tests with Aquatic Organisms 1975.		
	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50 LC50	Daphnia magna Daphnia magna	9714 mg/L (24 h) [1] >10000 mg/l (24 h) [2]
		[1] Not GLP, no guideline followed, although it is similar to the most recent OECD 202 with some deviations, which did not affect results. It contains all the information necessary for the evaluation. [2] Not GLP, no guideline followed, although it is similar to the most recent OECD 202 with some deviations, which did not affect results. It contains all the information necessary for the evaluation.		
	Aquatic plants			
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-undecyl-	Fish	LC50	Cyprinus carpio	1-10 mg/l [1]

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.omega.-hydroxy-, branched and linear CAS No: 127036-24-2 EC No:		[1] OECD TG 206
	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50 Daphnia magna 1-10 mg/l [1] [1] OECD TG 202
	Aquatic plants	EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus 1-10 mg/l [1] [1] OECD TG 201

12.2 Persistence and degradability.
No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.
No information is available on the degradability of the substances present.
No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.
Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name	Bioaccumulation			
	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
propan-2-ol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	0,05	-	-	Very low
Camphor CAS No: 76-22-2 EC No: 200-945-0	2,34	-	-	Low
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene CAS No: 5989-27-5 EC No: 227-813-5	4,83	-	-	High

12.4 Mobility in soil.
No information is available about the mobility in soil.
The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.
Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.
No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties.
This product doesn't contain components with environmental endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7 Other adverse effects.
No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.
Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.
Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.
Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.
Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions
Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG.
Transport documentation: Bill of lading
Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA.
Transport document: Airway bill.

14.1 UN number or ID number.
UN No: UN1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name.
Description:
ADR/RID: UN 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PROPAN-2-OL / CINEOLE), 3, PG II, (D/E)
IMDG: UN 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PROPAN-2-OL / CINEOLE), 3, PG II (18,5ºC)
ICAO/IATA: UN 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PROPAN-2-OL / CINEOLE), 3, PG II

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).
Class(es): 3

14.4 Packing group.
Packing group: II

14.5 Environmental hazards.
Marine pollutant: No
Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-E

14.6 Special precautions for user.
Labels: 3



Hazard number: 33
ADR LQ: 1 L
IMDG LQ: 1 L
ICAO LQ: 1 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR.
Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments.
The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.
The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

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Volatile organic compound (VOC)
VOC content (p/p): 20,27 %
VOC content: 184,454 g/l

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): P5c
The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.
The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Kind of pollutant to water (Germany): WGK 1: Slightly hazardous to water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

*P5c -> if the product is maintained at ambient pressure and temperature.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment.
No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	Flammable solid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1 : Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1
Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1
Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3
Flam. Sol. 2 : Flammable solid, Category 2
STOT SE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 2
STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1

-Continued on next page.-

Changes regarding to the previous version:

- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 2.1).
- Modification of specific hazards (SECTION 2.3).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Modification in the firefighting measures (SECTION 5.2).
- Modifications in the accidental release measures (SECTION 6.1).
- Modification in the values of the physical and chemical properties (SECTION 9).
- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 11.1).
- Modification of the classification ADR/IMDG/ICAO/IATA/RID (SECTION 14).
- National legislative changes (SECTION 15.1).
- Elimination of abbreviations and acronyms (SECTION 16).
- Addition of abbreviations and acronyms (SECTION 16).

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards	On basis of test data
Health hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

ADR/RID:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
AwSV:	Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.
BCF:	Bioconcentration factor.
CEN:	European Committee for Standardization.
DMEL:	Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
EC50:	Half maximal effective concentration.
PPE:	Personal protection equipment.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, 50%.
LD50:	Lethal dose, 50%.
NOEC:	No observed effect concentration.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.
RID:	Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
WGK:	Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data:
http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html
http://echa.europa.eu/
Regulation (EU) 2020/878.
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemical substances and mixtures (REACH).

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.